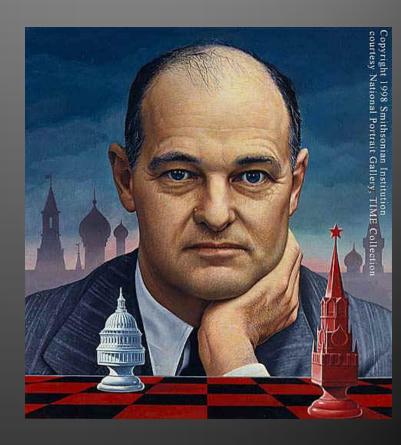


Containing Communism

- I. Containing Communism
 - A. Long Telegram
 - 1. George Kennan
 - a. "containment of Soviet expansive tendencies"
 - B. Iran Crisis1. Soviet Expansion



Truman Doctrine

- C. Truman Doctrine
 - 1. Dean Acheson
 - a. Turkey & Greece
 - -\$400 million to stop Soviet aggression
 - -Fight Communism worldwide



What did George Kenan describe as the reason for Soviet hostilities toward the West?

- Changing the German currency to the deutch mark
- 2. Envy over the U.S. atomic weapons program

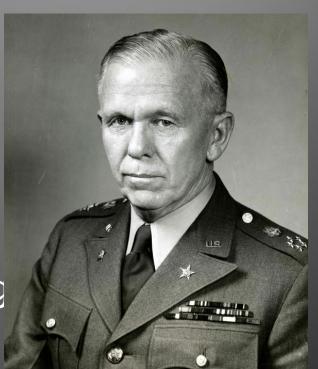


- Senses of insecurity during a long struggle against capitalism
- 4. Soviet envy of the U.S. economy



The Marshall Plan

- D. Marshall Plan
 - 1. European Economies
 - a. George C. Marshall
 - U.S. \$ to aid recovering European economies
 - *offered to all Europeans
 - -Soviets & Satellites reject

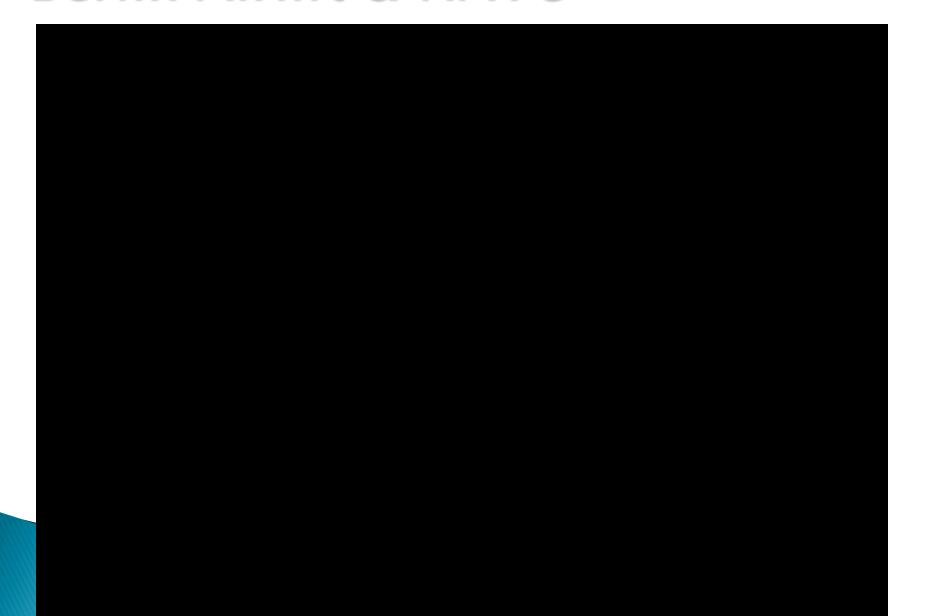


The Truman Doctrine dealt with the containment of communism. What two nations were directly affected by this doctrine?

- A. The U.S. & Soviet Union
- B. China and N. Korea
- C. Great Britain and Greece
- D. Greece and Turkey



Berlin Airlift & NATO



Berlin Crisis

- II. Berlin Crisis
 - A. (1948) Allies merge zones
 - 1. New German Government
 - a. Fed. Rep. of Germany
 - -Set up new currency
 - *Deutch Mark
 - B. Berlin Airlift
 - 1. Soviets cut off E. Germany
 - a. Aerial drops into W. Berlin
 - 11 months
 - 2 million tons of supplies



What was the purpose of the Marshall Plan?

- A. Supply Greece and Turkey with military assistance
- B. Supply European countries with financial assistance to rebuild their economies
 - C. Supply European nations with U.S. military hardware
 - D. To drop atomic weapons on the Soviet Union



For what reason did the Soviets shut off E. Germany?



- A. Hostilities against the allies dealing with reparations
- B. The plan to start another world war
- C. To better plan the construction of the Berlin Wall
- D. To show the communist economic system was superior to capitalism

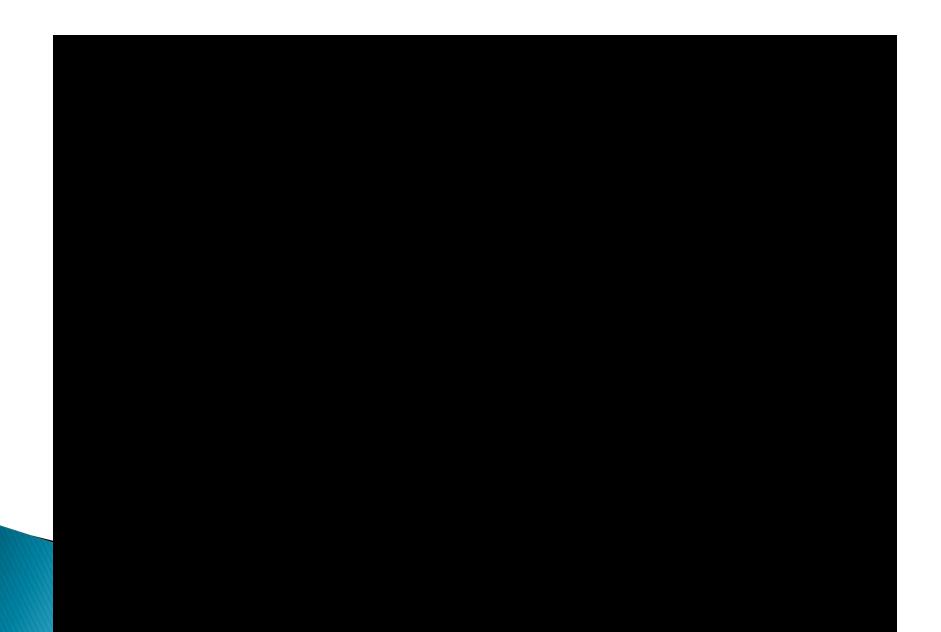


NATO

- C. NATO
 - 1. Military Alliance
 - a. W. European nations
 - (April 1949) North Atlantic Treaty Organization
 - *Mutual Defense
 - *12 Nations



Korean Conflict



Cold War in Asia

III. Cold War in Asia A. China



- 1. Mao Zedong = Comm.
- 2. Chiang Kai-shek = Nationalists
 - a. U.S. \$2 billion -Peoples Republic of China (1949)
 - *Communist

The North Atlantic Treaty Organization was made up of 12 nations committed to the idea of...?

```
A. Protecting Greece and Turkey through military assistance

B. Providing relief to the Soviet Union

C. Mutual Defense in case of attack

D. Promoting Communism
```



Korean War

IV. Korean War

A. Post WWII = U.S. South of 38th parallel

*Democracy

U.S.S.R. in North of 38th parallel

*Communist

1. (1950) North invades

a. Truman sends air & naval support from U.S.



Question 6 Who was the leader of the Peoples Republic of China?

```
A. Chiang Kai−shek
B. Kim Jong III
C. Ho Chi Minh
D. Mao Zedong
```



Korean War (cont.)

- 2. Gen. Douglas MacArthur a. UN Troops in S. Korea
 - Inchon = Turning point*Push N. Korea to Yalu
 - b. China enters War
 - MacArthur urges for war against Chinese
 - * limited war- war to achieve a limited objective (stop Comm)



The U.S. supported Chiang Kai-shek's Nationalist forces with how much monetary aid?

25%	A. \$4 Million
25%	B. \$2 Billion
25%	C. \$2 Dollars
25%	D. 2 Yen



During the Korean War, the U.S. supported the troops on the ____ of the 38th parallel?

```
25% A. North
25% B. East
25% 

C. South

D. West
```



Which U.N. Security Council member was absent when Truman asked for a U.N. Coalition force in Korea?

```
25% A. Soviet Union
25% B. U.S.
25% C. Great Britain
25% D. Israel
```



For what reason was Gen. Douglas MacArthur relieved of his duties in Korea?

- A. His commitment to using atomic weapons
- ²⁵/_B. His attack on mainland China
- 25%C. Insubordination
- D. Using armed force against the bonus marchers

