Article I: Legislative Branch

1. How old does a citizen need to be in order to be elected to the House of Representatives? How long must they have been a citizen?(pg.46)
2. How many citizens of a state will determine 1 representative?(pg. 46)
3. Under the original Constitution, how were Senators elected?(pg.47)
4. How old must a citizen be in order to be a Senator?(pg.47)
5. Who presides as the President of the Senate, and only casts a vote in the case of a tie?(pg.47)
6. Under Article I Section 7, what does a Bill need to do before it can become a law?(pg. 48)
7. Name three major powers granted to the Congress under Article I Section 8: (pg.49)

Article II: The Executive Branch

1. What requirements must a citizen hold in order to become the President? (pg.52)
2. What powers are vested in the President under Article II Section 2? (pg. 52 & 53)

Article III: The Judicial Branch

1. What is the major responsibility of the Judiciary? (pg.53)
2. What is the term limit for a Justice of the Supreme Court? (pg. 53)

Article IV: States

1. To what do you believe is the purpose of Article IV of the Constitution? What caused it?

Article V: Amendment Procedures (pg.55)

1. What manner can an Amendment be submitted?
2. What manner can an Amendment be voted upon, and by how much?

Article VI: \_\_\_?\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. What is Article VI commonly known as, and why?