

# The Taft Administration



Ch. 13.3

# Taft Becomes President

## I. Taft Becomes President

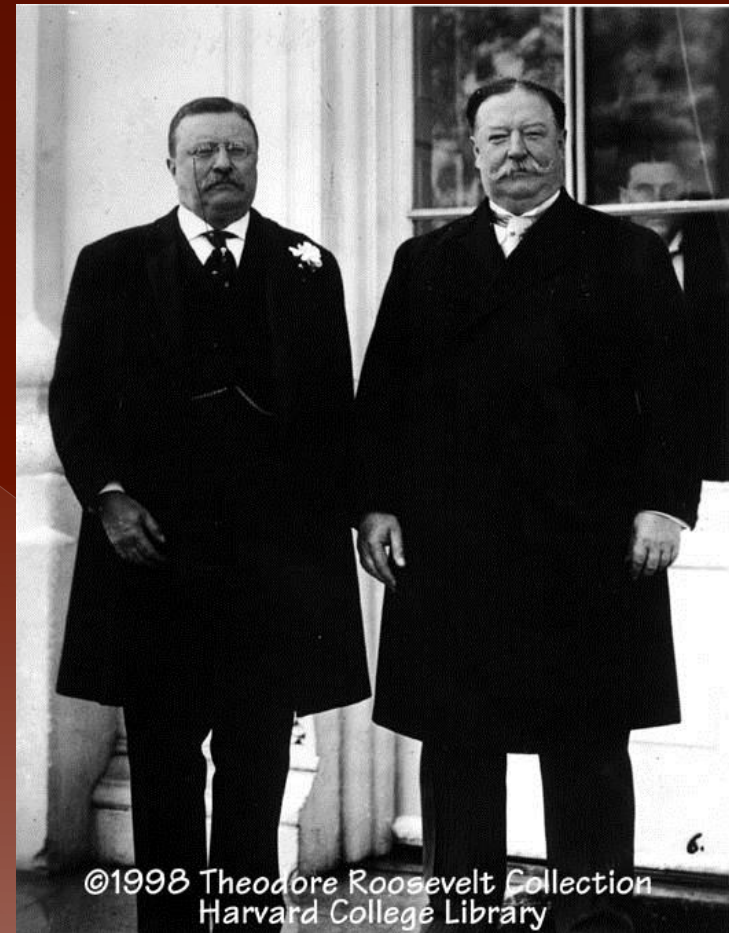
### A. Background:

- Judge
- Governor of Philippines
- Secretary of War

\*Defeats W.J. Bryan (1908)

### B. Governmental Approach

#### 1. Opposite of Taft



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# Payne-Aldrich Tariff

## B. Payne-Aldrich Tariff

### 1. Taft belief:

- lowered competition
- hurt consumers
- protected trusts

**\*Roosevelt's warning\***

### 2. Progressives Against Taft

#### a. Payne-Aldrich Tariff



# Ballinger-Pinchot Controversy

## C. Ballinger-Pinchot Controversy

1. Taft appoints Ballinger (Sec of Interior)

a. allows forested area development

2. Gifford Pinchot

a. accuses Ballinger in Alaska

**syndicate** - business group

b. leaks story to public press

c. Taft fires for **insubordination**





# Taft's Progressive Reforms

## II. Taft's Progressive Reforms

### A. Trust busting

-twice as many cases

### B. Children's Bureau

### C. Mann-Elkins Act

## III. Lasting Effects

### A. Roosevelt feels betrayed

1. Bull-Moose Party (1912)

